



IT'S ALL ABOUT
VARIETY

2017 ANNUAL REPORT



MESSAGE FROM THE CHAIRMAN



Last year in my letter to the shareholders, I focused on our beginnings and the historical events that have occurred over the past 20 years of company growth; all leading to our success today. As I write this letter for 2017, my focus shifts to thinking about our future.

I'll begin with a quote: "There is nothing as grateful as the earth. You cannot do too much for it. It will continue to pay tenfold for our pain and labor you bestow upon it." (William Jennings Byran).

When Jennings made this statement in the late 1800s, Western Canada was largely unsettled and a large portion was considered nothing but a grass desert. It was of no value to agriculture. Today, with the "fruit of labor and pain" that's been "bestowed upon it," Western Canada is a breadbasket to the world. CANTERRA SEEDS has been a proud partner to this change for the last 21 years.

We in agriculture, in every aspect, are food producers. We may identify ourselves as farmers, seed growers, genetic providers, input suppliers, machine dealers, grain companies, food processors, and the list goes on, but we are all involved in providing food to consumers from, as Jennings states, "grateful earth" or in simple terms, the dirt we farm.

I am reminded of a luncheon speech I was asked to deliver 23 years ago to the Canadian Special Crops Association. The topic was precision farming in the future, and I remember well preparing for it. Precision seemed to hinge around zero till seed and nutrient placement, satellite guidance in implements, and yield monitors on combines. The future seemed to be a question, "where from here?", but it was exciting to contemplate.

Today precision farming has a whole new meaning and a new set of tools available to it – capturing data, storing and using information to make prescriptions that apply nutrient requirements developed by soil maps and testing using imagery and timing for optimum and safe application of crop protection products. This data in return is fed into equipment-ready technology that delivers the prescription to the soil or crop in right-proportions.

Another wave of the future is what is called farming disrupters – robotic helicopters that can spray 1200 acres at a time and autonomous tractors that will handle over 100 different implements. These tools are set to work within a mapped and boundaried field, guided by the cloud.

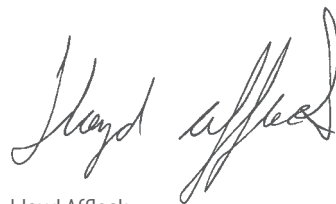
Now we ask, where does this leave us as a seed distribution company? We fit well as the main ingredient to the field prescription, the seed used in planting.

This summer, in the second week in June, the CANTERRA SEEDS Board of Directors were given the opportunity to visit France. We were royally hosted by our cereal partner, Limagrain, along with a visit with canola partners, DSV and NPZ, in Germany.

Field tours, along with time spent at the Limagrain Research Center in Clermont-Ferrand, France seeing firsthand the advancements to plant breeding through gene markers, gave us a whole new appreciation and confidence for our future in genetic advancement.

We continue to build confidence working with all our genetic partners, our seed distributors and seed growers, allowing us to deliver on our mission to be the "Seed Partner of Choice." We have confidence in our skilled team of staff that are ready to work with technology advancement. We see continued growth in our Company. We are looking forward to another crop season and are well into our sales for spring.

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we thank you for your continued support of CANTERRA SEEDS.



Lloyd Affleck
Chairman of the Board

MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT AND CEO

2017 was a year of significant change across the globe, across Canada and within CANTERRA SEEDS. As a growing seed business, we remain committed to our long-term viability and financial health by remaining focused and intentional. We will continue to embrace change for the benefit of our customers, our shareholders, our partners, and our staff.

We all appreciate that change is a fact of life, and with change comes opportunity and challenge.

At first glance, our financial results will appear to be disappointing year over year, when in fact they are the direct result of changes and investment we continue to make within the business to ensure our longer-term success.

The first significant change is related to canola seed distribution. In order to keep pace with our competitors and the market, it was necessary to adjust our inventory program, shifting the risk off of our channel partners. As our business has been growing, the added risk to our partners was hindering our sales potential.

This adjustment has impacted our financials by approximately \$0.8 million this fiscal year. This is a one-time correction, and we fully expect this policy change will enhance our canola sales going forward.

In addition, we have added Winfield United as a new channel partner for canola, starting with the 2017/2018 season. This will complement our existing distribution strategy, ensuring we have maximum access to the growers across the Prairies.

The next significant change results from our investment in Limagrain Cereals Research Canada. Under the guidance of Limagrain and the Limagrain Cereals Research Canada Board of Directors, this cereals research business is making impressive advancements, and new wheat varieties will be entering the market within the next few years.

As their research effort is increasing, our investment is now impacting the net financial results, and will continue to do so for the near future, until new commercial varieties begin to provide a positive return for the business.

In the meantime, our sales of cereals, pulses, special crops, corn and soybeans, have all been increasing for many reasons, including: great products, support by our seed grower retailers and wholesalers, and sales and marketing support. This combination of effort has yielded very positive net results in terms of market share and dollars in their respective markets.

Meridian Seeds, our U.S. affiliate, has had a very impressive year, capturing the benefits of a weak Canadian dollar, strong demand for peas and chickpeas, and an evolving portfolio that continues to attract new shareholders to the business.

Meridian Seeds has experienced impressive growth and profits in the last couple of years and 2016/2017 was no exception. We continue to invest in people and products to meet the growing demands of this business, ensuring we capture the opportunities in front of us.

Change can also be noted in our product portfolio.

It is safe to say our entire portfolio – from Roundup Ready and Clearfield canola, silage and grain corn, soybeans, wheat, peas, canary seed, durum, milling oats and malt barley, has never been as solid as it is today. No other seed company in Western Canada can rival the breadth and depth of our seed portfolio. CANTERRA SEEDS is very proud of this, and of the value we bring to the farmers of Western Canada.

In addition to an amazing portfolio of products, we also ramped up our sales and marketing efforts to help build awareness of our entire range of products, and to strengthen customer retention. New marketing technologies have been embraced that allow us to get closer to the customer, in co-operation with our retail partners and shareholders.

Change will continue in our industry, the crop supply business will look very different a year from now, and the to-market channel is evolving. Value creation discussions are moving forward, and a new system that will benefit the entire seed sector is on the horizon. Throughout all of this, CANTERRA SEEDS will continually adapt and develop to ensure our position in the market remains strong, while focusing on our strengths, being a seed-focused company, and being the Seed Partner of Choice.



David Hansen
President and CEO

OUR
TEAM



SENIOR MANAGEMENT



David Hansen

President and Chief Executive Officer

David Hansen joined CANTERRA SEEDS as Chief Executive Officer in October of 2009, and was shortly thereafter appointed President. David is an industry veteran with experience working in Canada and internationally. His background uniquely prepared him to lead CANTERRA SEEDS' efforts to be a leader in the Canadian seed industry.

Prior to joining CANTERRA SEEDS, David lived and worked in China, managing the cotton seed business for Delta & Pineland, Monsanto and later with Agrotain International developing the Northern Asian business. His more than 40 years of seed and agribusiness experience here and abroad includes 10 years in the grains industry, numerous sales, marketing and management positions with Advanta Seeds and its predecessors Zeneca Seeds, ICI Seeds and Garst Seeds.

David has served or is currently serving on various industry associations and committees including the CSTA, Crop Life International, Crop Life Canada and Cereals Canada, etc.

Gerry Cantin, CPA, CA

Chief Financial Officer

Gerry Cantin is CANTERRA SEEDS' Chief Financial Officer and is responsible for all of the financial and administrative affairs of the Company. He has 30 years of senior financial management experience in the agriculture industry. Prior to joining CANTERRA SEEDS in 2006, Gerry worked in the Finance and Accounting Departments of both The Landmark Feeds Group, as well as United Grain Growers Limited.

Gerry holds a Bachelor of Arts and a Bachelor of Commerce from the University of Manitoba. He received his Chartered Accountant designation from the CA firm of Clarkson Gordon, now known as Ernst & Young.

As of October 1, 2017, Gerry also took on the role of Chief Administrative Officer of Limagrain Cereals Research Canada (LCRC), a joint venture cereal breeding company owned by Limagrain and CANTERRA SEEDS, located in Saskatoon, Saskatchewan.

Gerry also sits on the Board of Governors for Meridian Seeds, LLC and on the Board of Directors for LCRC.





Erin Armstrong, PhD

Director of Industry and Regulatory Affairs

Erin Armstrong is Director of Industry and Regulatory Affairs for CANTERRA SEEDS. She is responsible for trait and license agreements, intellectual property protection and regulatory issues. Erin joined CANTERRA SEEDS in 2008 following her tenure as President and CEO of the Brewing and Malting Barley Research Institute (BMBRI). Prior to BMBRI, Erin worked with Canada Malting Co., Ltd. and General Mills, Inc.

In addition to her CANTERRA SEEDS responsibilities, Erin served for two years as the inaugural CEO of Limagrain Cereals Research Canada (LCRC), a joint venture cereal breeding company established by Limagrain and CANTERRA SEEDS launched in July 2015.

Erin holds a Bachelor of Science in Agriculture from the University of Manitoba and a PhD in Biochemistry from the University of Ottawa. Currently she is Chair of the Canadian Food Inspection Agency's Plant Breeders Rights Advisory Committee and a member of Agriculture & Agri-Food Canada's Grains Round Table, as well as several other industry committees and working groups.

Jim Bagshaw

Director of Sales

Jim is Director of Sales for CANTERRA SEEDS. He is responsible for developing and managing the company's sales team throughout Western Canada. Jim is also no stranger to CANTERRA SEEDS, having been employed as the company's Western Sales Manager from 2001-2004.

Jim is an industry veteran with a wealth of sales and management experience. As the North American Cereals Product Lead for Syngenta, he was responsible for developing and driving cereal crop strategies in Canada and the USA. At Nufarm Agriculture, he managed a high performing sales team in order to promote sales and profitability growth for retailers and producers. He also gained experience in the seed industry with positions held at UGG and Proven Seed.

Jim received a diploma in Agriculture, followed by a Bachelor of Science in Agriculture from the University of Saskatchewan.



SENIOR MANAGEMENT



Curt Baldwin

Director of Corporate Accounts

Curt is CANTERRA SEEDS' Director of Corporate Accounts and is responsible for managing relationships with our key stakeholders, as well as leading the strategy with PRIDE Seeds corn and soybeans.

Curt's work history includes extensive experience in seed and crop protection roles, with jobs at Cargill, Viterro, Syngenta and Agriscience United. Most recently, Curt held the position of National Crop Inputs Manager for Cargill, where he supported the growth of the seed, crop protection and fertilizer product lines.

Curt graduated from the University of Manitoba with an Agriculture Diploma and has also obtained his MBA from the University of Manitoba in 2012.

Brent Derkatch

Director of Operations and Business Development

Brent joined CANTERRA SEEDS in 2001, initially as Production Manager. Today, as Director of Operations and Business Development, Brent is responsible for all production and manufacturing activities, as well as market development efforts with end-users and variety specific production opportunities.

Prior to joining CANTERRA SEEDS, Brent worked at Brett Young Seeds where he held the position of Production Agronomist and Eastern North American Sales Manager.

Brent graduated from the Olds College Seed and Grain Technology Program and holds a Certificate in Management from the University of Manitoba. He currently sits on the Board of Directors for Meridian Seeds and is the Past President of the Canadian Seed Trade Association.





Sheena Pitura

Director of Marketing

Sheena joined CANTERRA SEEDS in 2006, and today is employed in the role of Director of Marketing. She is responsible for all communications, branding and marketing initiatives that support the sales and corporate goals of the company. Prior to joining CANTERRA SEEDS, Sheena held positions with companies involved in distribution and retail agriculture sales.

Sheena graduated from the University of Manitoba with a Bachelor of Science in Agribusiness and also holds a Certificate in Agri-Marketing from CAMA. She currently sits on the Board of Directors for Agriculture in the Classroom Manitoba and is a member of the Stakeholder Relations Working Group of the CSTA.

Andrew Draeger

General Manager, Meridian Seeds

Andy joined Meridian Seeds in 2014 as a District Sales Manager and moved to the position of General Manager that fall. As General Manager, he is responsible for setting the direction for the company, budgeting, managing staff and ensuring the business maintains profitability while reaching designated goals. Andy also represents Meridian Seeds on the CANTERRA SEEDS Senior Management Team.

Andy grew up in the small town of Wyndmere, ND. In that time, he was very involved in Future Farmers of America and still continues to be a lifetime supporter by coaching Ag Sales and judging for Crop and Weed Science competitions. After high school, he attended North Dakota State University. In the past, he has also worked for Seeds 2000 in the sunflower breeding nurseries and Pioneer Hybrid.



BOARD OF DIRECTORS



Lloyd Affleck

Chairman of the Board

Lloyd was appointed to the role of Chairman of the Board on November 2010. Prior to this, he held the position of Vice-Chairman of the Board since March 2009. Lloyd is a retired pedigreed seed farmer from Beechy, SK and was one of the first to become a CANTERRA SEEDS shareholder in 1998. He joined the Board of CANTERRA SEEDS in 2005. Lloyd served as Vice-Chairman and as Chairman for Pulse Canada. In addition, he worked as a Director with the Saskatchewan Pulse Crop Development Board and as advisor to both the development of the Special Crop Act Initiative and the SCRIP program. Lloyd also served as the Industry Chair for the Special Crops Value Chain Round Table and was appointed to the Agri-Innovator's Committee as adviser to the Minister of Agriculture and Agri-Food. Lloyd currently resides in Saskatoon, SK.

Jim Wilson

Vice-Chairman

Jim and his wife Norleen operate a grain farm and seed processing and marketing plant in Darlingford, MB. Jim received his Chartered Accountant designation in 1974 and worked in public practice until 1993. In 2007, Jim received the designation of Chartered Director from the Directors College. Jim joined the CANTERRA SEEDS Board of Directors in 2010. Previously, Jim has served as Director and Chair of Agricore United, Chair of the Canada Grains Council, and on the Board of the Canadian Agri-Food Trade Alliance, the Cereal Grains Value Chain Roundtable and the National Safety Nets Advisory Committee. Jim is also involved in the community, serving on the local Canadian Foodgrains Bank project committee and having served on the Board of the Morden District General Hospital. Jim served on the Board of the Canadian International Grains Institute from 2012-2017 CIGI Board and was appointed Chair of the Manitoba Agriculture Services Corp. in 2016.





Ryan Baldwin

Board Member

Ryan joined the CANTERRA SEEDS Board of Directors in February 2011. He is currently the Chief Operating Officer for CWS Logistics Ltd. in Winnipeg, MB and brings many years of seed and crop inputs experience to the board. Previously, Ryan worked with Westeel as the VP of Sales and Marketing, as well as with Monsanto Canada in roles that include President – Seed & Trait, Sales Director – Western Canada, Canadian Chemistry Lead, and National Sales Manager – Chemistry. Ryan also spent five years working for Saskatchewan Wheat Pool in various roles in Saskatchewan and Manitoba.

Antoine Colombo

Board Member

Antoine Colombo has been the Deputy CEO of Limagrain Field Seeds since September 2017. He has almost 18 years of senior financial management experience in agriculture, is a Certified Public Accountant (CPA) and has a Business Degree in Finance.

Prior to joining Limagrain in 1999, Antoine was Senior Manager at KPMG Audit in France. From 2002 to 2004, he was CFO at Vilmorin. In December 2005, he became a Member of the Executive Committee Group, with eight years as VP Administrative, Organization & Finance Control and VP Strategy & Development. In December 2012, he moved to the Limagrain Field Seeds Division as CEO to build up the Limagrain South America Business Unit in the fast-growing Brazil and Argentina markets. He currently sits on the Board of Directors of Seed Co. and has been on the CANTERRA SEEDS board since 2017.



BOARD OF DIRECTORS



Joe Dales

Board Member

Joe joined the CANTERRA SEEDS Board of Directors in 2003. He has over 30 years of agriculture industry sales, marketing and senior management experience working with companies such as Pfizer, Cyanamid Crop Protection, First Line Seeds and NK Syngenta Seeds. Joe is a co-founder of Farms.com Ltd. and leads their growing online media business as well as business strategy, marketing and development activities. Joe has gained extensive corporate governance experience with a number of companies and is the Vice-Chair of the Board of Governors for the Western Fair Association in London, ON where he lives. Joe is past Treasurer and Board Member of the Ontario Pork Industry Council. Joe has an Honours Bachelor of Science in Chemistry from Western University and a Masters in Business Administration from Wilfrid Laurier University.

Shaun Haney

Board Member

Shaun joined the CANTERRA SEEDS Board of Directors in March 2009. Shaun and his family reside in Picture Butte, AB where Shaun is very active in managing his family seed business. In 2008, Shaun founded the agricultural media website RealAgriculture.com which focuses on providing Canadian farmers with the latest in agriculture information and news. Shaun is also the co-host of RealAg Radio which is broadcast daily on Rural Radio Channel 147 on SiriusXM.





Kris Mayerle

Board Member

Kris joined the CANTERRA SEEDS Board of Directors in February 2011. He is a third generation pedigreed seed grower. Along with his family, Kris owns and operates Greenleaf Seeds Ltd., a pedigreed seed farm and processing plant, in Tisdale, SK. The family also runs a custom harvesting business that travels throughout the United States and Canada. Kris is currently on the Board of Directors of the Northeast Ag Research Foundation and previously served on the board of the Association of Canadian Custom Harvesters and of the Saskatchewan Canola Growers.

Darren Blair

Board Member

Darren joined the CANTERRA SEEDS Board of Directors in 2015. He owns Blair's, an independent ag retail, with business partner and cousin, Kevin, along with their spouses. They run eight full-service locations in Saskatchewan and one rail distribution terminal. Divisions of the business include Professional Agronomy, Animal Nutrition, Livestock Genetics, Logistics, Real Estate to go along with their core business fertilizer, chemical and seed. Darren comes from a multi-generational family grain and cattle farm background and graduated from the University of Saskatchewan with a Bachelor of Science Degree. He currently holds the position of COO and works out of the Lanigan location, which is their corporate head office. He is responsible for the overall operation of all of their locations, a member of their executive and leadership team and is also the Lanigan location manager. Darren is a past Director for the Independent Dealers Association, a past Councillor for the Village of Drake and presently sits as a member of the Executive Committee for the Pound Maker AgVentures Board of Directors.



BOARD OF DIRECTORS



Tatiana Henry

Board Member

Tatiana is currently the CEO of the Limagrain Cereals Seeds business unit and joined the CANTERRA SEEDS Board of Directors in 2017. She graduated with a Master's Degree in Life Science from AgroParisTech (France) and has a Business Degree from INSEAD and SKEMA. Tatiana has been working with Limagrain for 15 years. After five years as the Eastern Europe Area Manager for HM.CLAUSE (vegetable seeds), she joined Limagrain Field Seeds to establish, develop and manage subsidiaries in the fast-growing Ukraine and Russia markets.

Jeremy Hjelm

Board Member

Jeremy is the Director of Business Development for Ceres Global Ag in Minneapolis, MN. Jeremy re-joined the CANTERRA Board in 2016 (also served in 2013/14) as the representative for Ceres. Jeremy brings to the Board 19 years of commercial commodity trading expertise, with particular focus on spring and winter wheat, as well as canola. His primary role today is establishing new markets and new product programs for Ceres Global Ag by expanding their global network of trading partners and customers, in addition to evaluating M&A opportunity and physical asset disposition. Jeremy completed his undergraduate work at the University of Minnesota with a B.S. in Agricultural Education, and holds an MBA from Colorado State University with an emphasis in Finance.

Thomas Jolliffe

Board Member

Thomas joined the board in 2015 at the conclusion of Limagrain's purchase of a minority stake in CANTERRA SEEDS. He has been with Limagrain since 2010 and is currently Head of Research – Cereals and Pulses and is based in the U.K. Thomas is a senior executive in the seeds industry with 35 years' experience that includes directing global research and plant breeding programs, intellectual property management (plant breeders rights, patenting and licensing), commercial strategy, merger and acquisition, marketing, sales and general management. He is a specialist in the international development of cereal seeds markets, and in wheat and barley genetics. He is a Director (and former Chairman) of the UK Seeds Industry Trade Association with associated board memberships, a former non-executive Director of a public sector institute, and a former Chairman of pension fund trustees. Thomas is trained in commercial strategy and negotiation, with a diploma in company direction and a PhD in biometrics.

FOR THE LOVE of SEED

CELEBRATING THE BIGGEST AND BEST PORTFOLIO IN WESTERN CANADA

For growers to find the right seed for their farms, they not only need a large selection to choose from, they need the best seed varieties on the market. Western Canadian growers have trust in CANTERRA SEEDS to do just that – to provide access to leading genetics and a vast, diverse portfolio to help them achieve greater agronomic success.

In 2016, to spread awareness of the wide breadth of selection we make available to growers, and to promote the entirety of the CANTERRA SEEDS lineup, we launched “For the Love of Seed,” a campaign inspired by conversations we had with farmers, shareholders and retailers across Western Canada. These industry allies gave us deeper insight into their opinions and attitudes about what sets the CANTERRA SEEDS brand apart. What we came away with was a simple, yet powerful truth: **We have Western Canada’s biggest and best seed lineup because we have been passionate from the very beginning.**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT



The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to supplement the financial statements by explaining the Company's operating results and financial position for the year ended September 30, 2017, as compared to the year ended September 30, 2016. In addition, the MD&A is meant to provide the reader with an outlook on future trends and risks, or other factors that affect or may affect the business operations, to assist the reader in understanding the past results, as well as understanding the impact on the future. The following MD&A was prepared based upon information available up until November 27, 2017 and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying audited consolidated financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The financial information has been reviewed by the Company's audit committee and approved by the Board of Directors. All amounts reported are in Canadian currency.

The Business

CANTERRA SEEDS is a recognized leader in the pedigreed agriculture seed industry. Headquartered in Winnipeg, Manitoba, CANTERRA SEEDS is committed to developing, acquiring, producing, marketing and selling seed varieties that meet market needs to its customers throughout Western Canada and the Great Northern Plains and Pacific North West of the United States.

Results of Operations

Highlights of the 2017 fiscal operating results:

- Mainly due to a change in CANTERRA SEEDS' canola return policy, sales and gross margins both reduced from the 2015/16 fiscal year.
- Sales totaled to \$30.3 million, which is a reduction of \$3.5 million from the year ending September 30, 2016.
- With this sales reduction, gross profit also reduced to \$6.82 million, compared to \$7.74 million in 2015/16, a reduction of \$0.92 million.
- The gross profit percentage reduced from 22.9% to 22.5%.
- Total corporate operating expenses, net of other revenue and loss from joint ventures, increased by \$0.21 million, or 3.2%, from 2015/16.
- Overall, the Company's NIBT reduced by \$1.12 million, from \$1.22 million in 2015/16 to \$0.1 million in 2016/17.
- Due to significant timing differences and tax credit carryforwards, taxes added \$0.28 million in 2016/17 compared to a cost of \$0.19 million in 2015/16.
- The Company recorded a net income for the current year of \$0.38 million. By comparison, in 2015/16 net income in the amount of \$1.02 million was recorded. Therefore, overall net income has reduced by \$0.64 million.
- Besides the increase in equity from net income, there were no other changes to equity on the balance sheet. While new shareholders were added, they purchased shares from existing shareholders. No new shares were sold out of treasury.
- The net income per share is \$0.05 per share in 2016/17, compared to a net income of \$0.14 per share in 2015/16.
- Cash and short-term investments increased by \$0.95 million from 2015/16.
- Accounts receivable has increased by \$0.47 million to a balance of \$2.9 million as at September 30, 2016.
- Inventory has increased by \$0.75 million, from \$4.41 million as at September 30, 2016, to \$5.16 million at September 30, 2017.
- Prepaid expenses have increased by \$0.4 million, to a total of \$3.75 million.
- Due to further investments, property and equipment and intangible assets increased by \$0.09 million, from \$1.18 million at September 30, 2016, to \$1.27 million at September 30, 2017.
- CANTERRA SEEDS currently invests in two separate joint ventures. First, it owns a 30% ownership in a cereal breeding joint venture named Limagrain Cereals Research Canada (LCRC). LCRC is still entrenched in its startup phase where as a breeding company, it has significant expenses and little revenue as it takes a number of years to begin to expect a steady flow of bred products out of the organization. Therefore, this caused an equity loss for the Company during the year.
- In addition, CANTERRA SEEDS owns a 50% ownership of a sister seed company in the United States, Meridian Seeds LLC. Currently, Meridian Seeds is at a point where it is making significant income. However, overall the share of the Meridian Seeds income and additional cash investments are more than offset by the share of the loss from LCRC causing the long-term equity investments to reduce by \$0.08 million. The balance is at

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

\$3.12 million at September 30, 2017, and it was at \$3.2 million at September 30, 2016.

- There was a very small increase in advances from related companies of \$0.03 million.
- Accounts payable have increased by \$2.79 million, from \$6.23 million as at September 30, 2016, to \$9.02 million as at September 30, 2017.
- The total assets of the Company continue to increase and are currently at a total of \$23.53 million on September 30, 2017, an increase of \$2.89 million from the \$20.64 million balance on September 30, 2016.

Outstanding Share Data

Issued securities as of November 27, 2017:

Issued	Book Value
7,551,147 Class A common shares	\$12,109,827
2,118,000 Class B series 1 shares	\$468,001

Trading History

CANTERRA SEEDS HOLDINGS LTD. is a reporting issuer. Shares of the Company can be traded privately between two parties, with or without using the assistance of a broker, or can be sold "over the counter" at a licensed security trader. During the 2016/17 fiscal period, no shares were sold out of treasury. For the year ended September 30, 2016, one transaction occurred, where an additional 6,000 Class B Preferred shares were sold out of treasury, in return for an investment totaling to \$6,000. In 2015/16, the Class B shares were traded for an average of \$1.00 per share.

While there were no new share transactions, there were trades between shareholders totaling to 24,294 Class A shares and 84,000 Class B preferred shares, that took place during the year ended September 30, 2017. For the year ended September 30, 2016, trades between shareholders totaled to 71,376 Class A shares and 54,000 Class B preferred shares.

Selected Financial Information – Quarterly Financials

Selected Quarterly Financial Information Consolidated
(\$'000s except per share amounts)

	2016/17 Q4	2016/17 Q3	2016/17 Q2	2016/17 Q1	2015/16 Q4	2015/16 Q3	2015/16 Q2	2015/16 Q1
Total revenue	863	5,415	23,168	817	1,874	5,955	22,563	3,383
Net income	(563)	(281)	2,568	(1,344)	(438)	(238)	2,493	(883)
Earnings per share (basic and diluted)	(0.07)	(0.04)	0.34	(0.18)	(0.06)	(0.03)	0.33	(0.12)

CANTERRA SEEDS sells agriculture seed of a number of different crop types. Sales orders for canola, corn and soybeans occur from October until June. Delivery of these sales generally takes place from December until June, as most retailers prefer to defer delivery until a date closer to their time of seeding. The majority of the deliveries and therefore sales take place in the months of February to April (Q2 & Q3). The October to December quarter consists mainly of the recording of royalties for fall seeded cereal varieties, along with some early delivered canola, corn and soybean

sales. The financial quarter Q2, from January to March, is made up almost solely of canola, corn and soybean deliveries and sales. Q3 sales consist of additional canola, corn and soybean sales, sales of pedigreed stock seed and sales of registered and certified CANTERRA SEEDS licensed pedigreed seed. The quarter consisting of the months July to September (Q4) generally includes only royalties collected on sales of CANTERRA SEEDS licensed seed, along with any adjustments on sales recorded during the previous three quarters.



Yearly Comparatives

(\$'000s except per share amounts)

	2016/17 Q1	2016/17 Q2	2016/17 Q3	2016/17 Q4	2016/17 Year	2015/16 Year	2014/15 Year
Sales	817	23,168	5,415	863	30,263	33,775	34,017
Gross profit	103	5,061	1,318	342	6,824	7,737	7,617
Gross profit percentage	12.6%	21.8%	24.3%	39.6%	22.5%	22.9%	22.4%
Other revenue	180	138	287	385	990	979	1,599
Operating, general and administrative	994	728	969	891	3,582	3,228	3,526
Loss (income) from joint venture	171	172	(37)	(97)	209	154	237
Depreciation and amortization	54	58	57	68	237	208	175
Salaries, wages and benefits	804	930	968	985	3,687	3,909	3,345
Interest	1	–	–	–	1	–	2
Income (loss) from operations before taxes	(1,741)	3,311	(352)	(1,120)	98	1,217	1,931
Income tax recovery (expense)	397	(742)	71	556	282	(193)	(441)
Income and comprehensive income	(1,344)	2,569	(281)	(564)	380	1,024	1,490
Total assets	31,568	33,844	30,694	23,528	23,528	20,640	19,735
Long-term liabilities	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Earnings per share – basic and diluted	(0.18)	0.34	(0.04)	(0.07)	0.05	0.14	0.28

Sales and Gross Profit

There are three separate ways that CANTERRA SEEDS sells agriculture seed in Western Canada.

For canola sales, the inventory is produced, treated and bagged by the Company in a CANTERRA SEEDS bag. When this product is sold, the entire amount of the sale is recorded on the books of the Company.

For corn and soybean sales, the Company acts as a distribution arm for the Pride Seeds branded product in Western Canada. In this case, the product is sold by Pride Seeds to CANTERRA SEEDS and then, in turn, CANTERRA SEEDS sells this product to the customer. Once again, when this product is sold, the entire amount of the sale is recorded on the books of the Company.

For pedigreed seed sales, CANTERRA SEEDS rarely takes direct participation in the purchase and sale of the seed product. Instead, a Class B shareholder of the Company owns this product and sells it to one of their customers. CANTERRA SEEDS holds the license to sell these products, and the shareholder will pay the Company a tech fee royalty for every sale they make. This royalty is recorded in the accounting records.

Sales have reduced by \$3.5 million or 10%, from \$33.77 million in 2015/16 to \$30.26 million in 2016/17. The best way to look at this is to break down the sales into the major components described above.

For 2016/17, there was a reduction in the number of CANTERRA SEEDS canola bags sold into the market. This is largely attributed to a revision in the Company's seed return policy. In the industry, it is normal for seed companies such as CANTERRA SEEDS to sell inventory of canola seed to their channel customers, exceeding what will be planted in that season. This is done to ensure all inventory is in place so as to not miss any sales opportunities. In the past, this excess inventory would stay in the ownership of the customer through the summer, and would then be marketed and sold by the customer the next season. Starting for the 2016/17 fiscal period, the policy changed and these unseeded bags were fully returned to the ownership of CANTERRA SEEDS. In the first year of this policy change, the customers started the season with owned inventory, however, were able to return all remaining inventory at the end of the selling season. Therefore, for this fiscal year, the sales recorded on the books for CANTERRA SEEDS were substantially less than the bags actually seeded to CANTERRA SEEDS canola in Western Canada.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

The total amount of bags of CANTERRA SEEDS canola seeded in Western Canada in 2017 was virtually unchanged from the quantity planted in 2016. A larger share of the western Canadian acreage was seeded with canola, however, and CANTERRA SEEDS market share was therefore reduced. The reason for this market share reduction was two-fold. First, due to structural changes in the industry, CANTERRA SEEDS had less retail locations than it did in the prior year. Second, while CANTERRA SEEDS was marketing industry leading products in 2017, there were some sectors that the Company did not have a ready alternative for, again reducing its market reach.

For the corn and soybean products, this was the second year that CANTERRA SEEDS marketed the Pride Seeds brand in Western Canada. There was a 65% increase in the sales of these products as the Company has been very successful at leveraging sales through its retail partners.

For pedigreed seed, sales increased by more than 10% from 2015/16. The Company focuses on having market-leading varieties available throughout the prairies and in 2017, CANTERRA SEEDS marketed some of the leading varieties of wheat, oats and barley.

The reduction in sales described above also caused gross profit to decrease. It has reduced by \$0.91 million, from \$7.73 million in 2015 to \$6.82 million in 2016/17. There was a small decrease in gross profit as a percentage of sales, from 22.9% for the year ended September 30, 2016, to 22.5% for the year ended September 30, 2017. This reduction occurred due to the mix of products making up the total sales year compared to year.

Other Revenue

Other revenues total to \$0.99 million in 2016/17 which is a \$0.01 million increase from the \$0.98 million recorded in 2015/16. This reduction occurred due to a lower income from the SRED program as the field research program at CANTERRA SEEDS was smaller during the year and more of the SRED credit will be carried forward to future years. This is mainly offset by additional third-party support payments relating to partnered co-promotional events during the year.

Operating, General and Administrative Expenses

Operating, general and administrative expenses have increased by \$0.35 million, from \$3.23 million for the year ended September 30, 2016, to \$3.58 million for the year ended September 30, 2017.

CANTERRA SEEDS is growing as a Company and anticipates this growth to continue into the future. Specifically, the increase is due

to additional advertising and promotion expenses as the Company expands its foothold in all crop types, along with additional office, travel and legal expenses.

Loss (Income) from Joint Venture

CANTERRA SEEDS has 50% ownership in a joint venture called Meridian Seeds LLC, and also owns a 30% ownership share of a joint venture named Limagrain Cereals Research Canada. In total, CANTERRA SEEDS recorded a loss totaling to \$0.21 million in 2016/17, compared to a loss of \$0.15 million for the 2015/16 fiscal period, an increase of \$0.06 million.

Limagrain Cereals Research Canada began as an entity on July 1, 2015 and hired its Senior Breeder in February of 2016. This entity and the operating costs of it are still in the earlier stages of the program, and the staff to work with that program continue to grow. As such, the Company had a larger operating cost for the 2017 fiscal period than it did during 2016, causing CANTERRA SEEDS to incur an increased loss of \$0.29 million from the previous year. It is important to note that as a breeding company, it will also take a number of years before it derives any significant flow of revenues, so these investment losses are expected to continue over the next few years.

This increased loss is almost entirely offset by another substantial improvement in the profits of Meridian Seeds. Significant improvements in Meridian Seeds' product portfolio, sales distribution network, and a favorable US/Canadian exchange rate caused a very healthy bottom line for the 12 months ended September 30, 2017, and caused CANTERRA SEEDS share of this profit to increase by \$0.23 million.

Depreciation and Amortization

The depreciation and amortization expenses have increased by \$29 thousand, or 14%. This is a relatively small change in the Company's expenses but has occurred due to some significant investments in both tangible and intangible long-term assets for the Company.

Salaries, Wages and Benefits

Salaries, wages and benefit expenses have reduced by 5.7% or \$0.22 million, from \$3.91 million for the year ended September 30, 2016, to \$3.69 million for the year ended September 30, 2017.

The Company made a decision to not make any additional increases to personnel during the 2016/17 fiscal period. In addition, CANTERRA SEEDS investment in field research decreased as the field staff of Limagrain Cereals Research Canada have expanded. This led to a decrease in salaries, wages and benefit expenses.

In addition, incentive payments to staff reduced for the year ended September 30, 2017.

Interest

These expenses increased from nil in 2015/16 to \$1 thousand in 2016/17, as the Company used its line of credit for a few weeks during the fall of 2016.

Income Tax Expense

Due to a number of temporary differences including SRED credits being carried forward to future years, the provision for income taxes was actually positive for the year. While in 2015/16 there was a cost to the Company of \$0.19 million, in 2016/17 an increase in deferred taxes caused an increase to income of \$0.28 million.

Quarterly Results

The quarterly results vary based on the normal sales and expenditure patterns for CANTERRA SEEDS. The majority of seed deliveries and therefore sales occur during the period from January until May of each year. More specifically, the most significant quarters for sales are generally the three months from January 1 to March 31, and the three months from April 1 to June 30. While “tech fee” or royalty revenue is generated from planting and sales that occur in the period from April 1 to June 30, CANTERRA SEEDS only records these sales when the information is reported to the Company. This generally means most of these sales are recorded during the quarter from July 1 to September 30. The type of sales that take place during each quarter cause a significant difference in the gross profit percentage recorded during that time.

Other revenue is recorded as it is incurred. In 2016/17, the Q4 results were much higher than the other quarters, as this is when billings for work done by the Company with its partners was ultimately realized and recorded, and when the final SRED adjustment was recorded.

Operating, general and administrative expenses stay relatively constant throughout the year. The main differences are the timing of when significant research and advertising expenditures are recorded during the year.

The loss (income) from the joint venture by quarter is mainly determined by when sales are recorded in the accounts. With Meridian Seeds, sales occur either in Q3 (April 1 to June 30) with seed sales, or in Q4 (July 1 to September 30) with the receipt and recording of “tech fee” or royalty revenue. Few sales are recorded in the Q1 and Q2 quarters. With Limagrain Cereals Research Canada,

there are no revenues being recorded at present and the expenses were split fairly evenly throughout the year.

Depreciation and amortization are generally consistent through the four quarters. The investments in tangible and intangible long-term assets occurred mainly in the last quarter, causing higher expenses in Q4 of 2016/17.

Salaries, wages and benefits are lower in Q1 due to an adjustment to an accrual that occurred during that quarter. Otherwise, the expenses remained constant.

For the 2015/16 year, most of the sales for canola, corn and soybeans were focused in Q2 from January 1, 2017 to March 31, 2017. This has created a quarterly result where the Company made \$0.34 per share during this time period, while it actually recorded a loss for the other three quarters. Overall, the Company recorded a per-share profit of \$0.05 for 2016/17, which is a reduction of \$0.09 per share from the \$0.14 recorded for 2015/16. As the number of Class A shares outstanding did not change during either year, the variance is due to the lower income recorded.

The assets are highest at the end of Q1, Q2 and Q3 as this is when canola inventory is accumulated and then sold.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

CANTERRA SEEDS' cash position has improved by \$0.37 million from September 30, 2016 to September 30, 2017.

In total, the Company was able to provide cash from operating activities of the Company totaling \$1.44 million. CANTERRA SEEDS had a net income for the year of \$0.38 million, in addition to a significant amount of non-cash expenses. This enabled the Company to improve its cash from operations by a total of \$0.5 million since September 30, 2016.

Also, due to the timing of repayment, the amount of accounts payable and accrued liabilities also increased by \$2.79 million from the prior year.

These cash increases were partially offset by working capital items that used cash during the year. Firstly, increases in inventory caused cash to reduce by \$0.69 million, as the Company has built up canola stocks of its current varieties for anticipated sales in 2017/18. Due to the timing of repayments, there was an increase in accounts receivable of \$0.47 million. CANTERRA SEEDS is expanding its product line with three new canola products for the 2018 crop year. In order to build supply for these introductions, prepaid expenses and deposits increased by \$0.4 million. Finally,

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

the lower tax provision has reduced the income taxes payable balance by \$0.29 million.

With cash used for financing activities during the year, there are additional amounts owing from affiliated companies of \$28 thousand for the year. In addition, the Company contributed an additional \$0.13 million to its Investment in Joint Ventures.

During the year, CANTERRA SEEDS used an amount totaling \$0.91 million for investing activities. In 2016/17, the Company used cash to acquire additional short-term investments which used \$0.58 million of cash. Also, an additional \$0.33 million was used for the acquisition of additional property and equipment, and intangible assets during the year.

The Company receives much of its cash inflows during the fall and spring when sales and payments for agriculture seed come in. A significant portion of cash outflows, both for operating expenses and inventory purchases, occur throughout the year. In order to appropriately manage cash during the year, CANTERRA SEEDS works toward matching the timing of cash outflows to the Company's cash inflows. Over 80% of the cash inflows of CANTERRA SEEDS are dependent on sales of canola. Therefore, the Company is dependent on these sales in order to maintain its liquidity, both in the short term and the long term. With the strong new varieties of canola, corn and soybeans, along with the Company's long-term relationships with many canola breeding partners, liquidity is anticipated to continue to improve over time.

Being involved in the corn and soybean market does increase the need to manage cash flow. Substantial prepayments from CANTERRA SEEDS to its partner Pride Seeds are not generally matched with equal prepayments from the eventual customer. As this part of the business grows, it will continue to create cash flow strain on the business between the period that prepayment occurs to Pride Seeds, generally mid-October, to when this product is paid for by the eventual customer.

The Company continues to have a solid liquidity position. CANTERRA SEEDS is debt free and continues to have a strong asset base that can be used to access additional debt financing. The Company has only accessed its credit line over the last four years to commit to corn and soybean inventory from Pride Seeds, in order to prepare for the upcoming sales season. The Company's continued strong financial results and addition to share capital also leave CANTERRA SEEDS with very strong debt/equity and current ratios.

Financial Instruments

A portion of the Company's revenues and expenditures are denominated in U.S. dollars. While the acquisition of U.S. dollars

is not currently a significant requirement of the Company, it is exposed to currency fluctuations on transactions denominated in U.S. dollars. Currency fluctuations may impact the profitability of the Company. This risk is managed, where practicable, through the use of foreign exchange forward contracts to fix the exchange rates on future net foreign currency cash outflows. The Company does not hold or issue derivative contracts for speculative purposes. As at September 30, 2017, CANTERRA SEEDS has no outstanding foreign currency forward contracts in place.

Financial instruments include cash, investments, accounts receivable, advances to related parties, bank indebtedness, accounts payable and accruals and long-term debt. For all instruments other than the advances to related parties, the carrying values approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of the financial instruments.

The fair value of the advances to related parties is not determinable due to the underlying terms and conditions of the instruments.

Risks and Uncertainties

Inventory Obsolescence Risk

In order to sell seed in the marketplace, the seed inventory must meet stringent quality assurance standards that are determined and set by the Canada Seeds Act. In addition, regardless of this quality point, a product must be one that is demanded by the western Canadian market. CANTERRA SEEDS works diligently to efficiently manage the life cycle of its products and consistently introduce new improved varieties into the market, in order to limit its inventory provisions to manageable levels.

Production Risk

The availability of high-quality pedigreed seed for sale is dependent upon crop yields as well as the impact of weather and other factors on the quality of seed harvested. Reduced yields and quality can negatively impact the availability of seed. Prior to sale, each bag of canola seed has to pass stringent tests for both germination and herbicide tolerance. CANTERRA SEEDS partially mitigates the risk of this exposure through the diversification of crop varieties, careful strategic planning on choosing the producer of the seed, and through geographic variation of production.

Competition

The pedigreed seed business is a very competitive marketplace. Certain competitors may have greater financial resources than CANTERRA SEEDS. In addition, certain competitors may have access to a wider range of pedigreed seed varieties through in-house breeding programs or relationships with external plant breeders. It is also very important for CANTERRA SEEDS to continue to market

excellent new and improved varieties to ensure that the Company stays competitive.

Industry Cyclicalit

The demand for pedigreed seed is dependent upon a number of factors. These include the global seed supply, the relative price of the commodity as compared to its alternatives, the climatic conditions, as well as many economic factors. Reductions in farm incomes and the relative commodity price, as well as high global inventory supplies, can all negatively impact the demand for pedigreed seed.

Foreign Exchange Risk

CANTERRA SEEDS contracts a small portion of its hybrid canola seed production to producers in U.S. dollars. To the extent that the Canadian dollar weakens significantly as compared to the U.S. dollar, these purchases will negatively impact returns. To mitigate the effects of foreign exchange risk, management has implemented a hedging strategy of purchasing forward contracts against U.S. dollar future contract commitments, to the extent practicable. As the timing of harvest, harvested yield and quality data all impact the amount and timing of U.S. dollar payments, all foreign exchange risk cannot be hedged. To the extent that the Company is not able to hedge its foreign exchange risk, changes in the exchange rate between the Canadian dollar and the U.S. dollar may have a material adverse effect on CANTERRA SEEDS' results of operation, business, prospects and financial condition.

CANTERRA SEEDS does have a natural hedge as its investment in Meridian Seeds LLC has produced positive U.S. cash flow to the business over the last few years. As opposed to the comments above, to the extent that the Canadian dollar weakens, the return to CANTERRA SEEDS would improve as it is recorded in Canadian dollars.

Outlook

As mentioned earlier in the report, the reduction in canola sales at CANTERRA SEEDS was due to a change in the return policy with its customers. This is a one-year hit, and recorded sales will not have this negative effect for 2018 and future years.

With the canola business, CANTERRA SEEDS is in an extremely competitive environment. In order to succeed and flourish in this market, the Company needs to focus on its critical success factors. Firstly, it is critical that the Company distributes products that are of impeccable quality. To this end, CANTERRA SEEDS has implemented a quality control policy that is of the highest standard in the industry. It ensures that the quality of the bagged canola not only meets the standards set by the Canada Seeds Act, but consistently exceeds the competition in the market.

Secondly, the Company must continue to introduce "leading edge" canola hybrids into the market. The Company has partnerships with several of the top canola breeders in Western Canada, which ensures that only hybrids that meet or exceed the market standard are introduced. For the 2018 crop year, CANTERRA SEEDS has announced that CS2300, a big-yielding, Genuity Roundup Ready hybrid that features excellent standability, will be introduced to the market. Also, CS2400, an early maturing Genuity Roundup Ready hybrid, will be introduced to the market, giving CANTERRA SEEDS improved access to markets shorter season markets. Finally, the Company is introducing CS2500 CL, a high-yielding Clearfield variety, to join CS2200 CL in this market.

Thirdly, with canola, there is always the risk of inventory obsolescence. This could be due to a loss of germination, or it could be due to the fact that the variety is no longer competitive in the western Canadian agriculture market. The Company proactively manages each of its varieties through their life cycle, in order to keep these risks to a minimum.

Finally, it is critical that the Company is able to ensure its canola products are accessible to as many growers as possible. CANTERRA SEEDS has worked diligently to continually improve the corporate brand and canola distribution footprint, ensuring their canola can be accessed quickly and easily at a local retailer. To that end, CANTERRA SEEDS recently announced that it has entered into a direct purchasing agreement with Winfield United, which will enable the Company to sell its canola product to more customers beginning in the 2018 crop year.

With the corn and soybeans business, CANTERRA SEEDS partners with Pride Seeds. Pride Seeds is part of the AgReliant brand of companies, which is one of the top breeders and retailers of corn and soybean products in North America. With an extensive breeding effort and with high-quality controls, they promise to bring some of the top products to the western Canadian market. CANTERRA SEEDS brings its extensive seed distribution network into this relationship, which ensures that these products are available to growers throughout Western Canada.

It is anticipated that sales of corn and soybeans will increase into the future as CANTERRA SEEDS continues to build the Pride Seed brand throughout Western Canada.

For the pedigreed seed business, CANTERRA SEEDS once again focuses on the critical success factors of the business. When it comes to accessing leading edge varieties, the Company has been extremely successful on a number of fronts. Firstly, CANTERRA SEEDS has been very successful at acquiring some of the top varieties available from the public breeding entities like Agriculture

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

and Agri-Food Canada and the Crop Development Centre. Secondly, CANTERRA SEEDS has entered into partnerships with public breeders on specific pedigreed programs, where for economic and logistic support, it retains the first right for products released from the program. Lastly, as has been mentioned above, the Company is a 30% partner with Limagrain, one of the world's largest field seed companies, in a cereal breeding venture named Limagrain Cereal Research Canada. This entity will soon be releasing new cereal varieties into the market, and CANTERRA SEEDS will have the first right to these varieties.

On the distribution side for pedigreed seed, CANTERRA SEEDS ensures that it partners with the premiere seed growers in Western Canada. Currently, the Company has 178 seed growers throughout the Prairies that are actively growing and selling CANTERRA SEEDS licensed varieties. The Company will continue to add growers where needed and as required, to ensure that farmers throughout the region will have access to the highest quality CANTERRA SEEDS product available

CANTERRA SEEDS has gained access to some very exciting new pedigreed products and anticipates future growth in tech fee royalties both for the 2017/18 fiscal year, as well as future years.

The expectation is that CANTERRA SEEDS is well positioned to continue to achieve financial success, both in 2017/18 and into the future.

Reporting Issuer

To facilitate new and existing shareholders entering and exiting the Company, CANTERRA SEEDS became a reporting issuer in 2004. Under provincial securities law, the Company is considered a public company and as such, is required to make continuous disclosure to the public of its annual and quarterly financial statements and any material changes in the business or operations. Although the company is not listed on any prescribed stock exchange, the shares of the Company are tradable with few restrictions within the Company's shareholder group and, with the Board of Directors' approval, outside the shareholder group.

Forward-Looking Information

Certain statements in this MD&A may constitute forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements can generally be identified by the use of statements that include phrases such as "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "likely," "will" or similar words or phrases. Similarly, statements that describe the Company's objectives, plans or goals may be forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based on the Company's current expectations and its projections about future

events. However, whether actual results and developments will conform to the Company's expectations and projections is subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. This includes, among other things, the risks and uncertainties associated with seed production, product performance, competition, poor weather, commodity prices, credit and foreign exchange risk. These are not necessarily all of the important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any of the Company's forward-looking statements; other known and unpredictable factors could also harm its results. Consequently, there can be no assurance that the actual results or developments anticipated by the Company will be realized or, even if substantially realized, that they will have the expected consequences to, or effects on, the Company.

Additional Information

Any additional information relating to CANTERRA SEEDS is available on the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com.

Advances from Related Affiliates

Advances to affiliates are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment. The advances are made to Limagrain Cereals Research Canada and Meridian Seeds, LLC. The advances occurred due to the fact that CANTERRA SEEDS is the administrative arm of both LCRC and Meridian Seeds, LLC, and there are charges that are borne by CANTERRA SEEDS and then charged through to LCRC. This amount was repaid in the first couple of months of the 2017/18 fiscal year.

Corporate Governance

CANTERRA SEEDS has developed a corporate infrastructure to support the expanding business in an effort to reach its strategic goals. The staffing of the Company, as well as the composition of the Board of Directors, has been designed in a way that will enable full support for anticipated future growth.

The consolidated financial statements and MD&A of CANTERRA SEEDS HOLDINGS LTD., and all other information in this annual report, are the responsibility of management and have been reviewed and approved by its Board of Directors.

Management has prepared the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS accounting standards. The MD&A has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of securities regulators. The financial statements and MD&A include items that are based on best estimates and judgments of the expected effects of current events and transactions. Management has determined such items on a reasonable basis in order to ensure that the financial statements and MD&A are presented fairly in all material respects.

The Board of Directors is responsible to all shareholders for overall strategic direction, the fiduciary responsibilities and corporate policy decisions. The Board of Directors has eleven members, all of which are non-management. Two of the Directors are not seed grower shareholders, but have significant business experience in the agriculture and seed industry. Three Directors represent the interest of Vilmorin USA Corp. (Limagrain), and another Director represents the interest of Ceres Global Ag Corp. One Director is an independent seed retailer and represents the interests of these retailers on the Board. The final four Directors, including the Chairman of the Board, are seed growers or past seed growers with significant experience in the seed industry. Besides the Chairman of the Board, each seed grower represents different geographical regions of the Prairies.

Commencing in 2004, in conjunction with the change to reporting issuer status, the Board of Directors appointed an Audit Committee. The entire Audit Committee, including the committee Chairman, is currently comprised of five non-management Directors. This committee is responsible for overseeing the overall accounting and financial reporting systems of the Company. The Audit Committee

recommends the appointment of the proposed external auditors to the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting (AGM). The Audit Committee meets with the external auditor and/or Chief Financial Officer (CFO) on a regular basis as part of its review of the annual audits as well as the quarterly unaudited financial statements, prior to submission to the Board for approval. The external auditors report to the Audit Committee.

In March of 2010, the Board appointed a Governance Committee that is responsible for making recommendations to the Board of Directors regarding the appropriate corporate governance policy and procedures for the CANTERRA SEEDS Board of Directors. This committee is active and consists of five Directors, including the Vice-Chairman as Committee Chair. Outside legal counsel is used as a reference as required. This committee has also been tasked with evaluating the effectiveness of the Board of Directors and its committees while also determining the appropriate makeup of the Board of Directors. Therefore, the Governance Committee is also responsible for overseeing the entire process of nominations to be voted for approval at the Company's AGM.

Management's Responsibility for Financial Statements

To the Shareholders of CANTERRA SEEDS HOLDINGS LTD.:

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements, including the responsibility for significant accounting judgments and estimates in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and ensuring that all information in the annual report is consistent with the statements. This responsibility includes selecting appropriate accounting principles and methods and making decisions affecting the measurement of transactions in which objective judgment is required.

In discharging its responsibilities for the integrity and fairness of the consolidated financial statements, management designs and maintains the necessary accounting systems and related internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are authorized, assets are safeguarded and financial records are properly maintained to provide reliable information for the preparation of financial statements.

The Board of Directors and Audit Committee are composed primarily of Directors who are neither management nor employees of the Company. The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing

management in the performance of its financial reporting responsibilities, and for approving the financial information included in the annual report. The Committee fulfills these responsibilities by reviewing the financial information prepared by management and discussing relevant matters with management and the external auditors. The Committee is also responsible for recommending the appointment of the Company's external auditors.

MNP LLP, an independent firm of chartered accountants, is appointed by the shareholders to audit the consolidated financial statements and report directly to them; their report follows. The external auditors have full and free access to, and meet periodically and separately with, both the Committee and management to discuss their audit findings.

November 27, 2017



David Hansen
Chief Executive Officer



Gerry Cantin
Chief Financial Officer

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Shareholders of Canterra Seeds Holdings Ltd.:

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of CANTERRA SEEDS HOLDINGS LTD. and its subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at September 30, 2017 and September 30, 2016, the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian Generally Accepted Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors'

judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, these consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of CANTERRA SEEDS HOLDINGS LTD. and its subsidiaries as at September 30, 2017 and September 30, 2016 and their financial performance and their cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Winnipeg, Manitoba
November 27, 2017

MNP LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

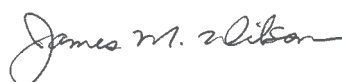
Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

As at September 30

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash	1,249,458	879,394
Investments (note 4)	5,425,366	4,849,490
Accounts receivable	2,900,276	2,427,294
Inventory (note 5)	5,157,756	4,413,501
Income taxes receivable (note 19)	11,123	–
Prepaid expenses and deposits	3,746,708	3,347,718
	18,490,687	15,917,397
Property and equipment (note 6)	631,556	495,646
Intangible assets (note 7)	637,999	681,177
Deferred tax asset (note 19)	419,015	148,153
Long-term equity investments (note 12)	3,117,231	3,193,548
Advances to related company (note 8)	231,968	203,719
	23,528,456	20,639,640
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	9,020,420	6,233,286
Income taxes payable	–	277,918
	9,020,420	6,511,204
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital (note 11)	12,577,828	12,577,828
Retained earnings	1,911,485	1,531,885
Contributed surplus	18,723	18,723
	14,508,036	14,128,436
	23,528,456	20,639,640

Commitments (note 15)

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.



James Wilson, Director



Lloyd Affleck, Director

FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 AND 2016

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

Years ended September 30

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Sales	30,262,772	33,774,997
Cost of sales (note 5)	23,438,694	26,038,540
Gross profit	6,824,078	7,736,457
Other revenue (note 13)	989,872	979,287
Profit before other expense (income) items	7,813,950	8,715,744
Operating, general and administrative	3,581,580	3,228,128
Loss from long-term equity investments (note 12)	209,301	153,802
Depreciation	236,947	208,073
Salaries, wages and benefits	3,687,440	3,908,845
Interest	1,067	–
	7,716,335	7,498,848
Income from operations before income taxes	97,615	1,216,896
Provision for income taxes (note 19)		
Current (provision)	11,123	(286,824)
Deferred tax (provision) recovery	270,862	93,661
	281,985	(193,163)
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income	379,600	1,023,733
Earnings per share		
Basic and fully diluted (note 14)	0.05	0.14

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

As at September 30, 2017

	Share capital	Contributed surplus	Retained earnings (deficit)	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance, September 30, 2015	12,571,828	18,723	508,152	–	13,098,703
Comprehensive income	–	–	1,023,733	–	1,023,733
Issuance of share capital	6,000	–	–	–	6,000
Balance, September 30, 2016	12,577,828	18,723	1,531,885	–	14,128,436
Comprehensive income	–	–	379,600	–	379,600
Issuance of share capital	–	–	–	–	–
Balance, September 30, 2017	12,577,828	18,723	1,911,485	–	14,508,036

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.



FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 AND 2016

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Years ended September 30

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Cash provided by (used for) the following activities:		
Operating activities		
Net income	379,600	1,023,733
Depreciation of property and equipment	131,269	107,094
Depreciation of intangible assets	105,678	100,979
Loss from investment in long-term investments	209,301	153,802
Deferred income taxes	(270,862)	(93,661)
Inventory provision	(55,255)	118,117
	499,731	1,410,064
Changes in working capital accounts		
Account receivables	(472,982)	(553,772)
Income taxes receivable	(11,123)	
Inventory	(689,000)	(1,238,254)
Prepaid expenses and deposits	(398,990)	1,054,389
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,787,134	40,588
Income taxes payable	(277,918)	(165,593)
	1,436,852	547,422
Financing activities		
Advances to related companies	(28,249)	541,481
Issuance of share capital	–	6,000
Contributions to long-term equity investments	(132,984)	5,237
	(161,233)	552,718
Investing activities		
Purchase of property and equipment	(267,179)	(275,061)
Purchase of intangible assets	(62,500)	(546,250)
Purchase of investments	(575,876)	(222,664)
	(905,555)	(1,043,975)
Increase (decrease) in cash	370,064	56,165
Cash, beginning of year	879,394	823,229
Cash, end of year	1,249,458	879,394

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

CANTERRA SEEDS HOLDINGS LTD.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended September 30, 2017

1. Incorporation and Operations

Entity Information

CANTERRA SEEDS HOLDINGS LTD. (the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the Province of Saskatchewan on March 14, 1996. The head and registered office for the Company is located at 201-1475 Chevrier Blvd., Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada R3T 1Y7. The Company purchases, produces and distributes seed varieties and related technologies. Due to the seasonal nature of the agricultural industry, the majority of seed sales occur during the months of October to June. This same seasonal nature significantly affects the statement of financial position on a quarterly basis as accounts receivable, inventory and accounts payable and accrued liabilities have significant swings depending on the canola and other seed sales cycle.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company reflect the operations and financial position of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries: CANTERRA SEEDS (2002) LTD. (a Canadian corporation) and CANTERRA SEEDS (USA) LTD. (a U.S. company), and its joint venture investments Meridian Seeds LLC (a U.S. company) and Limagrain Cereals Research Canada (a Canadian partnership), which are accounted for using the equity method.

2. Basis of Presentation and Going Concern

Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The financial statements of the Company were recommended for approval by the Audit Committee and were approved and authorized by the Board of Directors on November 27, 2017.

Basis of Measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair value, as explained in the accounting policies.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the functional currency of the parent company, CANTERRA SEEDS HOLDINGS LTD. The functional currencies of the subsidiaries are as follows: CANTERRA SEEDS (2002) LTD. and Limagrain Cereals Research Canada in Canadian dollars, CANTERRA SEEDS (USA) LTD. and Meridian Seeds LLC in U.S. dollars.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies.

All intra-group balances, income and expenses and unrealized gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full.

Where property or equipment is acquired through the acquisition of corporate interests, management considers the substance of the assets and activities of the acquired entity in determining whether the acquisition represents the acquisition of a business.

Where such acquisitions are not judged to be an acquisition of a business, they are not treated as business combinations. Rather, the cost to acquire the corporate entity is allocated between the identifiable assets and liabilities of the entity based on their relative fair values at the acquisition date. Accordingly, no goodwill or additional deferred taxation arises. Otherwise corporate acquisitions are accounted for as business combinations.

Joint Ventures

A joint venture is a contractual arrangement whereby the Company and other parties undertake an economic activity through a jointly controlled entity. Joint control exists when strategic, financial and operating policy decisions relating to the activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. Joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method and are recognized initially at cost. The Company recognizes its share of the post-acquisition income and expenses and equity movement in the venture. If the cumulative losses exceed the carrying amount of the equity investment, they are first applied to any additional advances that are receivable from the joint venture to the extent of the total amount receivable. Additional losses are recognized only to the extent that there exists a legal or constructive obligation.

Business Combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate

of the consideration transferred, measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree. For each business combination, the acquirer measures the non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition costs incurred are expensed and included in direct operations and administration expenses in the statement of comprehensive income. When the Company acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss. Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognized at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration which is determined to be an asset or liability will be recognized in accordance with IAS 39 – Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it should not be re-measured until it is finally settled within equity.

Inventory

Inventory is comprised of finished goods consisting of treated and bagged seed, as well as raw materials consisting of bare untreated seed, and is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value, with cost being determined on a weighted average cost basis. The Company has no work in progress.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are initially recorded at cost net of any related investment tax credits. Depreciation is provided using the below methods at rates intended to depreciate the cost of assets over their estimated useful lives.

Asset	Method	Rate
Computer hardware	Declining balance	30%
Computer software	Declining balance	20%
Website, furniture and fixtures	Declining balance	20-30%
R&D plot equipment	Declining balance	20-30%
Leasehold improvements	Straight line	Term of lease

An item of property and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset, which is calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, is included in the results in the period which the asset is derecognized.

Repair and maintenance costs are recognized in the period as incurred.

Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets consist of property and equipment, and intangible assets with finite useful lives. Long-lived assets held for use are measured and amortized as described in the applicable accounting policies. Long-lived assets are tested for impairment annually or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

The Company conducts an internal review each reporting period of long-lived asset values, which is used as a source of information to assess for any indicators of impairment. External factors, such as changes in expected future processes, technology and economic conditions, are also monitored to assess for indicators of impairment. If any indication of impairment exists, an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount is calculated. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units).

Non-financial assets, other than goodwill, that suffer impairment are tested for possible reversal of the impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the impairment may have reversed.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are initially recognized at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets, other than goodwill and indefinite life intangible assets, are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated periods of benefit or contractual lives. The estimated useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed annually, with any changes in estimate accounted for prospectively.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue and profits from the sale of seed when the seed has been shipped. Deposits on contracts are recorded in prepaid expenses and deposits. Volume related royalty revenue is recognized in the period in which the sale is reported to the Company by the grower. Deferred revenue is taken into income in the period in which it is earned. Contract services and program payments are recognized when earned.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue is comprised of deposits received from customers for which the related product has either not been shipped or the contractual commitments have not been met as at period end.

Deferred Income Taxes

The Company follows the liability method of accounting for deferred income taxes. Under this method, deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recorded based on temporary differences between the carrying amount of statement of financial position items and their corresponding tax bases, and on unused tax losses and tax credit carry forwards. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted and substantively enacted tax rates and laws expected to apply when the tax liabilities or assets are to be either settled or realized. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences or loss carry forwards can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Recognition of deferred tax assets is restricted to those instances where it is probable that future taxable profit will be available which allow the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized

Government Assistance

The income tax credits related to scientific research and experimental development activities are accounted for in other income or as a reduction of capital expenditures depending on the nature of the expenses that qualify for the credit incurred during the year.

Government assistance is recognized when there is reasonable assurance that the Company has met the requirements of the

approved grant program or, with regard to tax credits, when there is reasonable assurance that they will be realized.

Foreign Currency Translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the functional currency by applying the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange as at the date of the statement of financial position. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated at historical exchange rates.

The assets and liabilities of the subsidiaries, denominated in their respective functional currencies, are translated into Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange in effect at the date of the statement of financial position. Revenues and expenses of the subsidiaries are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Per Share Information

Basic per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. Diluted per share amounts are determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to common shareholders and the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential common shares.

Key Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Accounts receivable are stated after evaluation as to their collectability and an appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts is provided where considered necessary.

Provisions are made for slow moving and obsolete inventory. Management assesses inventory provisions on the basis of seed germination results, volumes of product on hand, competing products, and market trends in conjunction with sales forecasts.

Management has evaluated and concluded that the Company has only one operating segment and cash generating unit for purposes of analysis of the business.



Depreciation is based on the estimated useful lives of property and equipment.

Scientific Research and Experimental Development tax credit claims are based on methodologies and assumptions applied by management in previous successful claims. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Intangible assets consist of licenses, which are depreciated over the life of the agreement. Recovery of intangibles is analyzed on an annual basis.

Management has evaluated long-term equity investments and determined if there is joint control and joint operations in place.

Management has estimated that, while the terms of advances to related companies are not defined, the fair value approximates the carrying value due to the anticipated repayment dates of the advances.

These estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary they are reported in earnings in the periods in which they become known.

Cash

Cash in the consolidated statement of financial position consists of cash on deposit in financial institutions and on hand.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), held to maturity (HTM), loans and receivables, available for sale (AFS) financial assets or other financial liabilities. Financial instruments are recognized on the trade date, which is the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset. All financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially measured at fair value and are reflected on the statement of financial position at fair value. Subsequently, except for those classified as loans and receivables, HTM investments and other financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method less any impairment. Receivables are reduced by provisions for estimated bad debts which are determined by reference to past experience and expectations. Changes in fair value of FVTPL financial instruments are recorded in operations. Changes in fair value of AFS financial assets are recorded in other comprehensive income until the investment is sold or impaired at which time, the realized gain or loss will be recorded in operations.

The Company has designated its financial instruments, as follows:

Financial Statement Item	Classification	Measurement
Cash	Loans and receivables	Amortized cost
Investments	Fair value through profit or loss	Fair value
Accounts receivable	Loans and receivables	Amortized cost
Advances to related companies	Loans and receivables	Amortized cost
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Other financial liabilities	Amortized cost

Transaction costs related to FVTPL are expensed as incurred. Transaction costs related to loans and receivables and other financial liabilities are netted against the carrying value of the asset or liability and amortized over the expected life of the instrument using the effective interest rate method.

A provision for impairment is recognized when there is evidence that collection will not be possible under the original terms of the contract. Indicators of impairment include default on payments

and significant financial difficulty of the counterparty. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through a provision account, and the amount of the loss is recognized in net income within operating expenses. Bad debt writeoffs occur when the Company determines collection unlikely. Any subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against bad debt expense in net income. Accounts receivable that are less than one month past due are not considered impaired unless there is evidence that collection is not possible.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement and requires an assessment of whether the fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset. Operating leases are recognized as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation that is the result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risk specific to the obligation.

New IFRS Standards and Interpretations Not Applied

IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments is part of the IASB’s wider project to replace IAS 39 “Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.” IFRS 9 retains but simplifies the mixed measurement model and establishes two primary measurement categories for financial assets, amortized cost and fair value. The basis of classification depends on the entity’s business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The Company is currently assessing the impact of this standard.

IFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers is part of IASB and FASB’s joint project to converge requirements for the recognition of revenue in both IFRS and US GAAP. IFRS 15 provides improvements to the quality and consistency of how revenue from contracts with customers is reported and improves comparability in the financial statements through:

- Removing inconsistencies and weaknesses in existing revenue requirements
- Providing a more robust framework for addressing revenue issues
- Improving comparability of revenue recognition practices across entities, industries, jurisdictions and capital markets
- Providing more useful information to users of financial statements through improved disclosure requirements

- Simplifying the preparation of financial statements by reducing the number of requirements an entity must refer to

The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The Company is currently assessing the impact of this standard.

IFRS 16 – Leases replaces IAS 17 – Leases and requires lessees to account for leases on statement of financial positions by recognizing a right of use asset and a lease liability. Lessor accounting, however, remains largely unchanged and the distinction between operating and finance leases is retained. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with earlier adoption permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact of this standard.

4. Investments

The Company has investments in managed funds.

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Fair value	5,425,366	4,849,490
Cost, net of writedowns and provisions	5,425,366	4,849,490

Investments bear interest at a rate of 1.35% (2016 – 1.35%) and mature within one year.

5. Inventory

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Finished goods	1,907,102	1,086,962
Raw materials	3,250,654	3,326,539
	5,157,756	4,413,501

The cost of inventories recognized as an expense and included in cost of sales amounted to \$7,265,741 (2016 – \$8,837,077). During the year a provision of \$nil (2016 – \$118,117) was recorded to reduce inventory from its carrying amount to its net realizable value. Previous writedowns of \$55,255 (2016 – \$nil) were reversed during the period.



6. Property and Equipment

	Computer hardware	Computer software	Website, furniture and fixtures	R&D plot equipment	Leasehold improvements	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cost						
Balance, September 30, 2015	159,105	252,072	197,377	296,829	31,797	937,180
Additions	18,411	7,618	10,500	224,652	13,880	275,061
Balance, September 30, 2016	177,516	259,690	207,877	521,481	45,677	1,212,241
Additions	79,352	21,314	50,380	3,521	112,612	267,179
Disposals	(117,002)	(55,666)	–	(8,145)	–	(180,813)
Balance, September 30, 2017	139,866	225,338	258,257	516,857	158,289	1,298,607
Depreciation						
Balance, September 30, 2015	130,577	157,060	123,758	169,320	28,786	609,501
Depreciation	11,320	19,764	20,180	52,213	3,617	107,094
Balance, September 30, 2016	141,897	176,824	143,938	221,533	32,403	716,595
Depreciation	22,588	18,705	21,435	65,765	2,776	131,269
Disposals	(117,002)	(55,666)	–	(8,145)	–	(180,813)
Balance, September 30, 2017	47,483	139,863	165,373	279,153	35,179	667,051
Net book value						
At September 30, 2016	35,619	82,866	63,939	299,948	13,274	495,646
At September 30, 2017	92,383	85,475	92,884	237,704	123,110	631,556

As at September 30, 2017, the Company had \$4,023 (2016 – \$4,023) of fully depreciated assets still in use.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. Intangible Assets

Intangible assets consist of licence fees that have been paid to secure the production and distribution rights for various types of breeder seed. These fees are initially stated at cost and are being amortized over the term of the contract agreements.

	Licence fees
Cost	\$
Balance, September 30, 2015	1,316,679
Additions	546,250
Balance, September 30, 2016	1,862,929
Additions	62,500
Balance, September 30, 2017	1,925,429
Depreciation	
Balance, September 30, 2015	1,080,773
Depreciation	100,979
Balance, September 30, 2016	1,181,752
Depreciation	105,678
Balance, September 30, 2017	1,287,430
Net book value	
At September 30, 2016	681,177
At September 30, 2017	637,999

8. Advances to Related Companies

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Limagrain Cereals Research Canada	196,901	197,360
Meridian Seeds, LLC	35,067	6,359
	231,968	203,719

Advances to related companies are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment. The Company has a 30% interest in Limagrain Cereals Research Canada and a 50% joint venture interest in Meridian Seeds, LLC.

9. Government Assistance

During the year, the Company filed Canadian federal and provincial income tax returns for the 2016 taxation year, in order to apply for Scientific Research and Experimental Development (SR&ED) Investment Tax Credits (ITCs). The Company also estimated and accrued the SR&ED ITCs for the 2017 taxation year. ITCs reduce taxes payable and are accounted for as other revenue or a reduction of capital expenditures, depending on the nature of the expenses that qualify for the credit. The benefit recorded resulted in other revenues of \$122,991 (2016 – \$322,085) and a reduction of the cost of equipment of \$nil (2016 – \$nil). In the normal course of SR&ED expense claims the Company is subject to reviews by federal and provincial government authorities.

10. Demand Facility

The Company has available to it a revolving demand facility available to finance inventory and receivables to a maximum of \$6,000,000 from June 15 to December 31 of each calendar year, reducing to \$250,000 outside of those dates. Interest is payable on the outstanding balance at the rate of prime plus 1.25% on all amounts outstanding. The revolving demand facility is secured by a general security agreement together with a first charge on all present and after-acquired personal property. The terms of the revolving demand facility require that certain measurable covenants be met. As at September 30, 2017, the Company was in compliance with the covenants specified in the agreement.

As at September 30, 2017, the Company had not drawn against the revolving demand facility (2016 – \$nil).

11. Share Capital

	2017	2016
Authorized		
Unlimited number of Class A voting common shares.		
Unlimited number of Class B shares, non-voting non-participating, redeemable at the option of the Company if the shareholder fails to fully pay for shares, fails to exercise share purchase options, or if the shareholder causes the Company to have its rights under any license terminated.		
Unlimited number of Class C shares without nominal or par value, non-voting, and non-redeemable.		
Unlimited number of Class D shares without nominal or par value, non-voting, and non-redeemable.		
Issued and fully paid:		
7,551,147 Class A voting common shares (2016 – 7,551,147)	12,109,827	12,109,827
2,118,000 Class B shares (2016 – 2,118,000)	468,001	468,001
	12,577,828	12,577,828

During the year the Company issued nil Class B shares (2016 – 6,000) at a subscription price of \$1 per share for cash consideration of \$nil (2016 – \$6,000).

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12. Long-Term Equity Investments

The Company has an investment in a joint venture, Meridian Seeds LLC, in which it shares 50% control. Investments in this company, which are subject to joint control, are accounted for using the equity method.

The following amounts represent the results and financial position of Meridian Seeds LLC:

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Current assets	1,600,287	1,204,235
Long-term assets	216,427	79,490
Current liabilities	35,919	465,736
Revenues	6,617,766	4,762,070
Expenses	5,675,960	4,426,154
Net income (loss)	374,665	335,916
Cash provided by operating activities	61,484	647,723
Cash provided (used) in investing and financing activities	(68,708)	(44,428)

Meridian Seeds, LLC, a U.S. Limited Liability Corporation is a 50% joint venture interest.

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Investment in joint venture	749,665	404,820

On September 28, 2015, the Company finalized its 30% investment in a new cereal breeding and development partnership, Limagrain Cereals Research Canada, located in Saskatoon, SK. The partnership is intended to bring significant added value to western Canadian agriculture by developing new varieties of cereals, with a specific focus on wheat, using the most advanced technologies currently available. Investments in this company, which represent significant influence, are accounted for using the equity method.

The following amounts represent the results and financial position of Limagrain Cereals Research Canada:

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Current assets	6,404,514	9,167,555
Long-term assets	1,536,472	790,876
Current liabilities	299,408	272,845
Revenues	72,512	84,523
Expenses	1,920,044	1,154,619
Net loss	(1,847,532)	(1,070,096)
Cash used in operating activities	(1,767,178)	(1,042,648)
Cash provided by investing and financing activities	(2,457)	656,905

Limagrain Cereals Research Canada is a 30% interest.

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Investment in partnership	2,367,576	2,788,728

13. Other Revenue

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Interest	132,142	145,266
Contract services and program payments	509,307	449,189
Other	225,432	62,747
Scientific research and development tax credits [note 9]	122,991	322,085
	989,872	979,287

14. Earnings Per Share

The basic earnings per share has been calculated based upon the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period ended September 30, 2017 of 7,551,147 (2016 – 7,551,147).

15. Commitments

The Company has entered into an agreement to lease its premises to June 2021 and to lease vehicles and equipment to June 2018 with estimated minimum annual payments as follows:

Not later than one year	377,208
Later than one year not later than five years	525,839

The Company has entered into an agreement with Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada to commit to contribute \$291,410 per year, consisting of a combination of cash and "in-kind" investment, for four years ending December 2018.

Director and Officer Indemnification

The Company indemnifies its directors and officers against any and all claims or losses reasonably incurred in the performance of their service to the Company to the extent permitted by law.

16. Financial Instruments and Risk Management

Risk Management

In the normal course of business, the Company is exposed to financial risk that arises from its indebtedness, including fluctuations in interest rates. Management's involvement in operations helps identify risks and variations from expectations.

As a part of the overall operation of the Company, management takes steps to avoid undue concentrations of risk. The Company manages the risks, as follows:

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility of the Company having insufficient financial resources to fund its growth and refinance its debt as it matures.

The economic uncertainty which currently exists throughout the global marketplace has resulted in a more conservative and restrictive lending market. Management believes that future cash flows from operations and availability under existing banking arrangements will be adequate to support these financial obligations.

Interest Rate Risk

The Company may be exposed to interest rate risk as bank indebtedness charges interest at variable rates; however, the Company had not drawn against the credit facility as at September 30, 2017, therefore the risk is minimal.

The Company does invest excess cash in investments and therefore decreases in interest rates impact the amount of

interest income earned from those investments. Investments are comprised of investments in pooled funds which are also subject to market price risk (i.e. fair value fluctuates based changes in market prices).

At September 30, 2017, the Company has \$5,425,366 invested in managed funds. A 1% variation in the market price of underlying securities would have resulted in an increase or decrease in the value of this asset of approximately \$54,253.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices will have an effect on future cash flows associated with financial instruments. Market risk comprises three types of risk: credit risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk.

Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk are accounts receivable. The Company believes that there is minimal risk associated with the collection of these amounts. The maximum credit risk exposure is the carrying value of the financial assets. The Company manages its credit risk by performing regular credit assessments of its customers and provides allowances for potentially uncollectible accounts receivable. The Company does not generally require collateral or other security from customers on accounts receivable.

Accounts receivable are past due when a customer fails to make a payment when contractually due. The following is an aging of accounts receivable past due but not impaired:

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
31–60 days	90,153	46,414
61–90 days	16,267	20,614
More than 90 days	495,830	137,667
	602,250	204,695

A reconciliation of allowance for doubtful accounts is as follows:

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Balance, beginning of year	–	–
Amount charged to bad debt expense (recovery)	–	–
Balance, end of year	–	–

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Foreign Currency Risk

The Company enters into transactions denominated in United States currency for which the related revenues, expenses, accounts receivable and accounts payable balances are subject to exchange rate fluctuations. The following items are denominated in United States currency:

	2017	2016
	CAD\$	CAD\$
Cash	715,244	35,090
Accounts receivable	1,600	–
Accounts payable	152,069	49,151

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. No foreign currency forward contracts exist at September 30, 2017.

A 1% increase/decrease in United States dollar foreign exchange rates would result in a corresponding decrease/increase in other revenue and net income of approximately \$5,648.

Other Price Risk

Other price risk is the risk that changes in market prices, including commodity or equity prices, will have an effect on future cash flows associated with financial instruments. The Company manages these risks by limiting inventory levels and actively monitoring the market and adjusting its pricing strategies accordingly. The Company also manages their exposure to changes in market prices by diversifying their holdings within investments.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Financial instruments include cash, investments, accounts

receivable, advances to related companies and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The carrying values of these financial instruments approximate fair value due to the short term nature of the financial instruments or they are carried at fair value.

Fair Value Hierarchy

The financial assets and liabilities recorded at fair value on the statement of financial position are measured and classified in a hierarchy consisting of three levels for disclosure purposes; the three levels are based on the priority of inputs to the respective valuation technique. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). An asset or liability's classification within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of significant input to its valuation. The input levels are defined as follows:

- Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that are accessible at the measurement date. The Company has no financial instruments classified as Level 1.
- Level 2: Quoted prices in markets that are not active or model inputs that are observable either directly as prices or indirectly for substantially the full term of the asset or liability. In determining the inputs for calculating fair values, the company looks to readily observable market inputs. All financial instruments are disclosed at fair value base on a Level 2 classification.
- Level 3: Values are based on prices or valuation techniques that contain unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the estimated fair value of the assets or liabilities. The Company has no financial instruments classified as Level 3.

The following table summarizes the Company's financial liabilities with corresponding maturity:

	Total	Less than 1 year	1 to 2 years	After 2 years
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	9,020,420	9,020,420	–	–
Total	9,020,420	9,020,420	–	–

Current assets exceed current liabilities outstanding and management expects the Company to meet its obligations as they come due. In addition, management has available to it a revolving line of credit as described in Note 10 to assist with any temporary working capital shortfalls.

17. Capital Management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that financial flexibility is present to increase shareholder value through organic growth and to allow the Company to respond to changes in economic and/or marketplace conditions. The Company also strives to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the overall cost of capital. In the management of capital, the Company includes bank indebtedness and shareholders' equity. The Board of Directors has established quantitative return on capital criteria for management as well as long term growth targets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure the Company may issue shares, debentures, return capital to shareholders, purchase shares, or reduce debt.

Market requirements for attracting capital may vary in ways that the Company may not be able to accurately predict.

The Company monitors capital on the basis of the debt-to-adjusted-capital ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by adjusted capital. Net debt is calculated as total debt less cash and investments. Adjusted capital comprises all components of equity.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year.

The Company has entered into a credit facility agreement with the Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce that provides additional liquidity of up to \$6,000,000 from June 15 to December 31. This is reduced to \$250,000 outside of those dates. A wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company has externally imposed capital requirements as governed through its credit facilities. As of September 30, 2017, the subsidiary Company must have an effective Tangible Net Worth not less than \$9,000,000. As of September 30, 2017, this requirement was met. As at September 30, 2017, there was a \$nil balance outstanding on the line of credit. The Company has not drawn upon an available line of credit facilities since October 2016.

18. Related Party Transactions

The following summarizes the Company's related party revenues and expenses with shareholders for the year:

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Revenue	4,320,926	4,442,540
Expenses	2,947,569	3,169,935

Certain shareholders have entered into transactions with the Company for the purchase and sale of seed and seed products. These transactions were in the normal course of business and were recorded at their exchange amount.

The amount due from related companies has no specified interest or repayment terms.

At September 30, 2017, accounts receivables includes \$nil (2016 – \$nil) from directors and officers, and \$133,164 (2016 – \$59,066) from shareholders.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities include \$413,309 (2016 – \$394,652) payable to shareholders.

During the year, employee future benefits recorded as an expense amounted to \$98,874 (2016 – \$86,410).

Directors and Key Management Personnel

Key Management Personnel ("KMP") are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any Director.

Aggregate compensation of KMP during the year consisted of:

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Salary and short-term benefits	1,237,865	1,127,755
Post-employment benefits	83,848	64,958
	1,321,713	1,192,713

During the year payments for Board and Shareholder meetings totaled \$70,997 (2016 – \$47,446).

19. Income taxes

The major components of income tax expense (recovery) are as follows:

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Current tax expense	(11,123)	286,824
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	–	–
Current tax expense	(11,123)	286,824
Deferred tax expense (recovery) relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	(270,862)	(93,661)
Changes in tax rate	–	–
Deferred tax expense (recovery)	(270,862)	(93,661)
Income tax expense (recovery)	(281,985)	193,163

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Income tax expense (recovery) differs from the amount computed by applying the combined expected Canadian Federal and Provincial tax rate of 27% (27% in 2016) to income before income taxes. The reasons for the difference are as follows:

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Computed income tax expense (recovery)	55,398	328,562
Income tax rate differentials of foreign investees	37,750	17,417
Permanent differences	46,134	37,413
Temporary differences	(270,862)	(93,661)
Small business deduction	148,221	(49,000)
Other items	(27,764)	(47,568)
Actual tax expense	(11,123)	193,163

The Company's deferred tax assets are as follows:

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Property and equipment	(36,977)	(30,725)
Intangible assets	84,224	88,243
Other items	371,768	90,635
	419,015	148,153

The Company's deferred tax expense (recovery) recognized in respect of each type of temporary difference is as follows:

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Property and equipment	6,252	467
Intangible assets	4,019	5,284
Other items	(281,133)	(99,412)
	(270,862)	(93,661)

The Company has deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses related to continuing operations for which no deferred tax asset has been recognized are as follows:

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Unused tax losses	–	330,000
Property and equipment	–	–
Investment tax credits	–	–
SR&ED expenditure pool	–	–
	–	330,000

The Company has available income tax losses in Canada of approximately \$nil, and in the United States of approximately \$330,000, which can be used to offset taxable income in future years. The losses expire according to the following schedule:

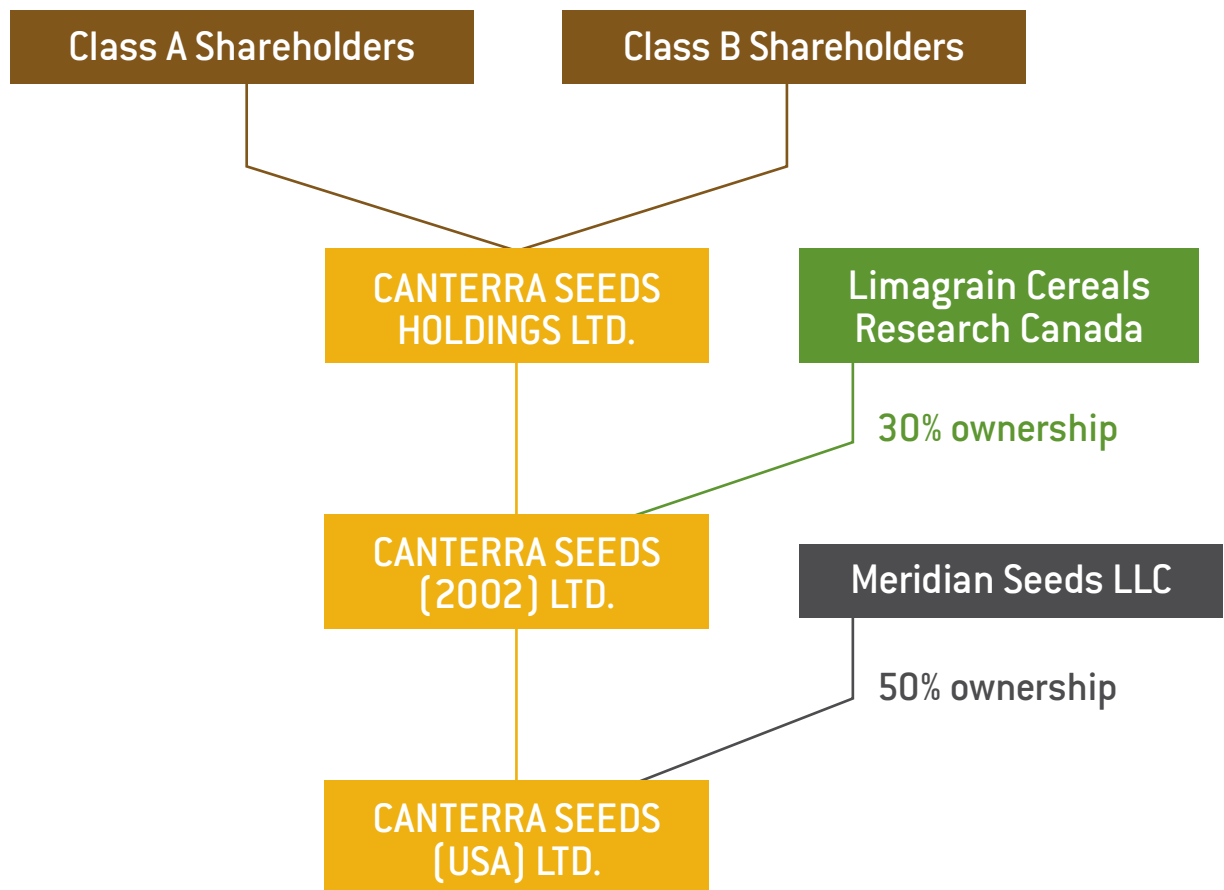
	Canada	United States
	\$	\$
2024	–	47,000
2025	–	70,000
2026	–	65,000
2027	–	25,000
2028	–	74,000
2029	–	49,000
2030	–	–
2031	–	–
2032	–	–

20. Contingencies

The Company is involved in various legal matters arising in the ordinary course of business. The resolution of these matters is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

COMPANIES HELD BY CANTERRA SEEDS HOLDINGS LTD.

CANTERRA SEEDS HOLDINGS LTD. was established in 2002. CANTERRA SEEDS (2002) LTD. is the operating seed company. Meridian Seeds LLC is a U.S. seed joint venture in which CANTERRA SEEDS (USA) LTD. is a member.







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